



Geographic Information Systems in NLA

Summary

- 1. GIS Conceptualization: meaning, structure and technology
- 2. Why GIS in architecture?
- 3. GIS implementation in NLA and its benefits
- 4. Project: Municipal Spatial Planning in Timor-Leste
- 5: Future of GIS

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Spatial Analysis

DataBase

SOFTWARE

Geographical

geovisualization

data

HARDWARE

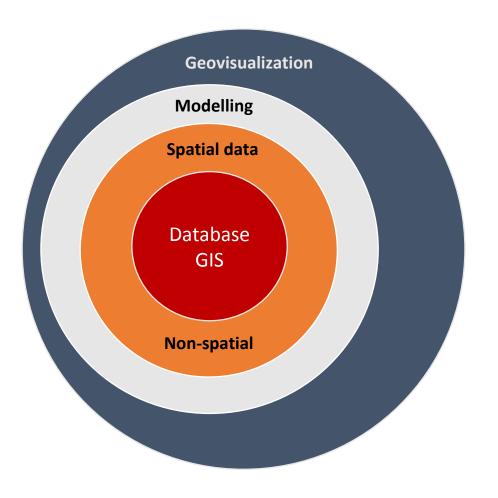
geoprocessing

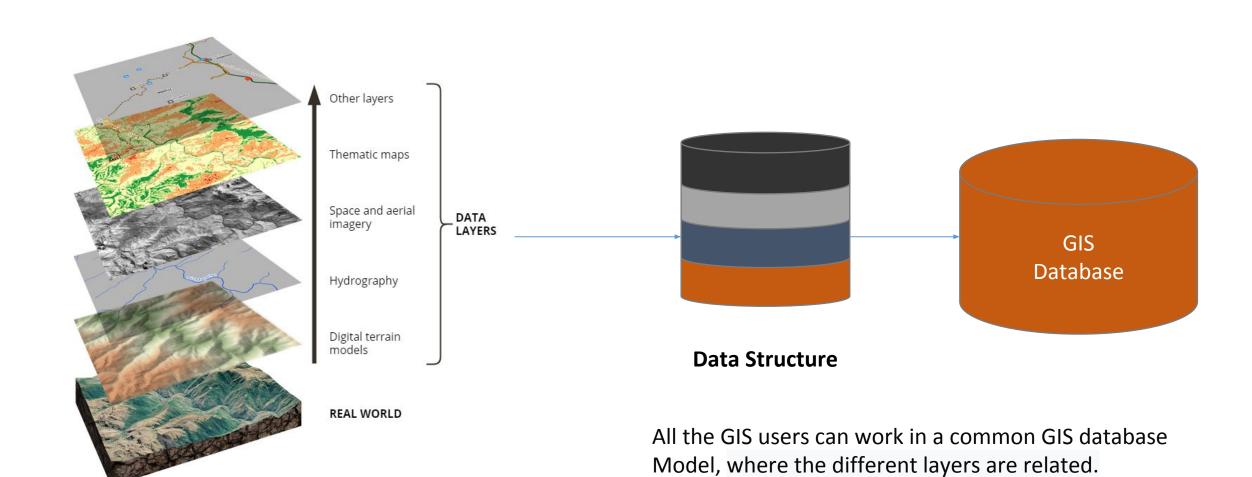
Maps

Queries

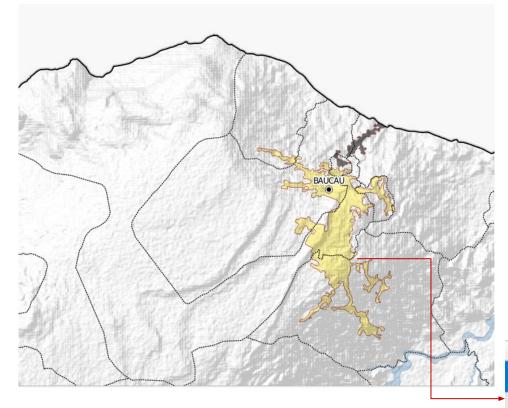
Modelling

Computer System





GIS environment



Geometry ← → Attributes

- coordinate system
- shape(point, line, polygon)

fid	•	aurb_id	areasuco	level_0	level_1	areapolurb	areapoligo	areaurbana	propurbano	est_total_
	1	3793	141100621,522	0	22752	44283345,01618	7380557,50269827	12234173,62506	2,860806426	9200,071
	2	3817	88118466,6210	0	7632	209542,4442650	104771,2221325	7445001,922204	0,028361289	119,97
	3	3822	106565593,916	0	15284	1397254,811259	349313,7028148	8571108,928814	0,225119326	445,8470000000



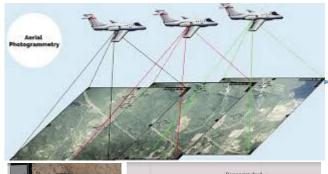
Geospatial Technologies

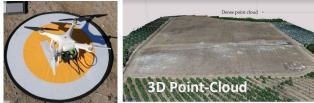


(OpenStreetMap, Urban Atlas from Copernicus Land Monitoring Service)

Photogrammetry

Extraction of 2D/3D data based on aerial imagery or LiDAR data





Products: Large scale topographic maps (2D) and 3D model surfaces

GIS

GNSS and topography



Remote Sensing

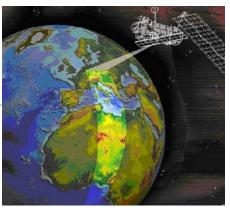
Extraction of 2D data based on satellite imagery

Products: Land cover mapping

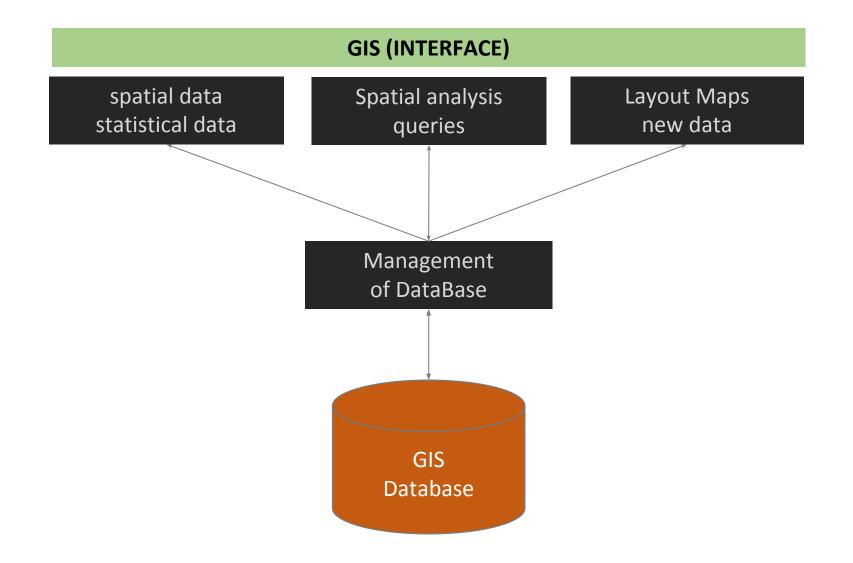


Remote Sensing

Extraction of 3D data based on radar imagery



Products: 3D models of Earth's surface



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WHY GIS in ARCHITECTURE?

Geographic Information **S**ystems is a powerful tool ...

for **urban and regional planning** - **development** and **management** of plans; **analysis**; and **review** of environmental impacts.

in defining strategic plans for the management of **architectural heritage**, such as the identification of historic sites and their rehabilitation.

What are the benefits of GIS tool for architects and spatial planners?

It can contribute to an efficient decision and planning

explore real-world spatial data within database model

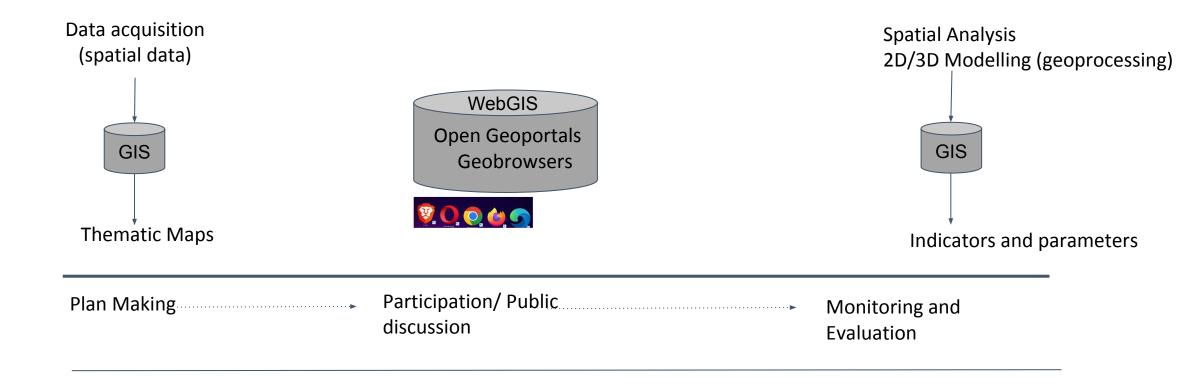
landscape modelling scenarios using spatial analysis tools

estimation of **indicators** or **urban parameters** of a plan through **GIS-based modelling**

- Inventory and catalogue of architectural heritage
- City management;
- mapping of utility networks and planning for service interruptions;
- Identify the best location for the construction of school/hospital
- compactness measurement of urban form at neighbourhood scale
- Network modelling for the management of public transport connection - Mobility
- measurement of population density per neighbourhood unit
- Estimation of energy efficiency buildings
- micro-spatial analysis for urban planning based on census tracts and building population (e.g. total volume building)

Urban and Regional Planning

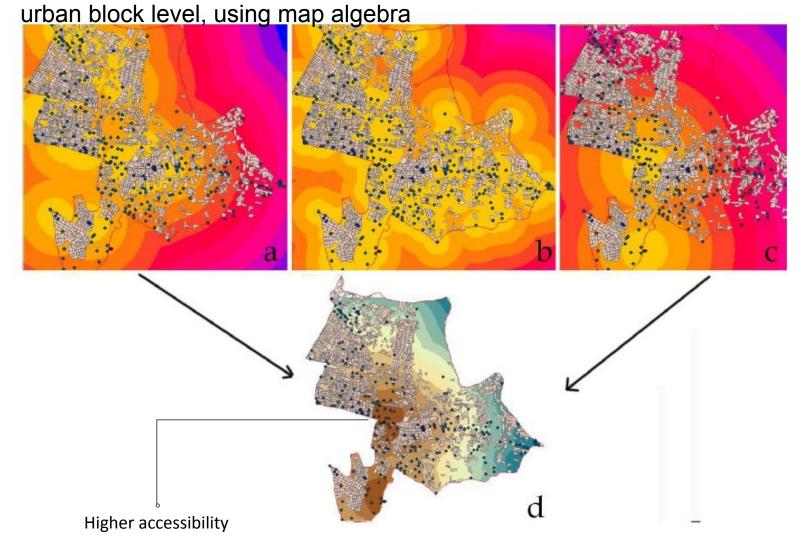
Stages of urban and regional planning process can be supported by GIS



time horizon of plan

GIS can provide some of the data and techniques that are needed in different stages of the process.

identify the accessibility of an urban areas, estimated at an



Combining data related to geometric

- (a) Distance from commercial facilities,
- (b) Distance from public buildings,
- (c) Distance from metro stations,
- (d) Combined accessibility.

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GIS NLA (INTERFACE is based on Free and Open-Source Software)

Vector, Raster Statistical data Edition/Validation spatial data

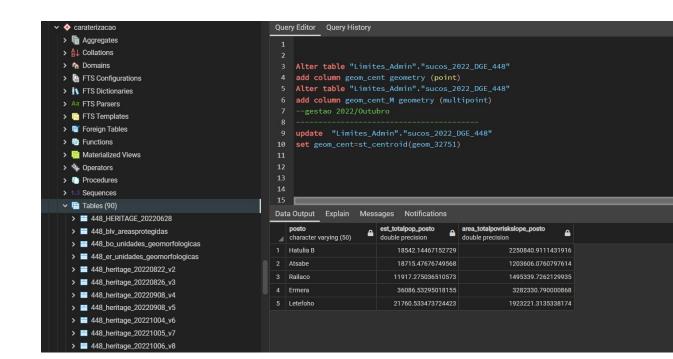
Spatial Analysis

Queries

Output data Maps

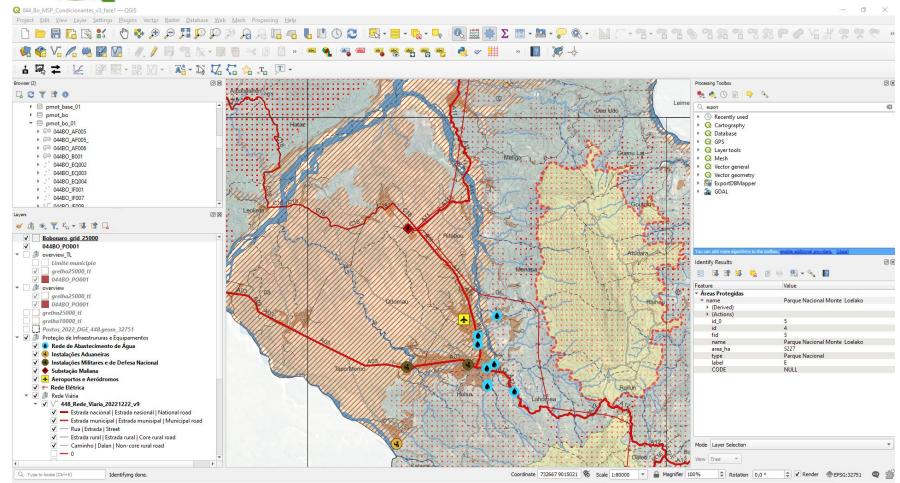
GIS Database Management







GIS Project ENvironment



GIS Benefits in NLA

efficiency in development, analysis, and management of the plan;

higher management control of data;

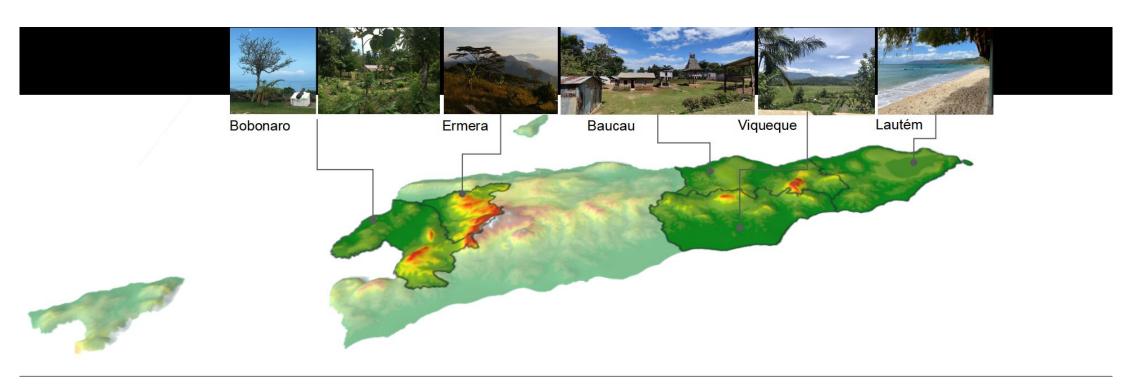
Centralisation of data in a Common GIS database;

Time Benefits;

Summary

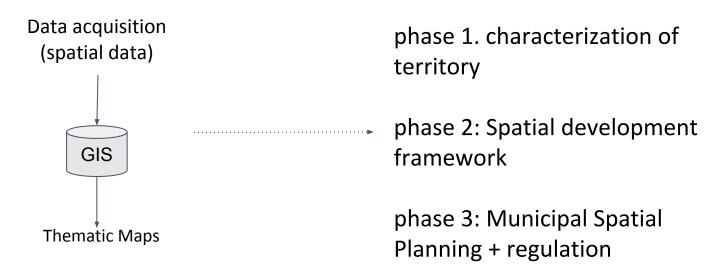
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Project - Municipal Spatial Planning for FIVE municipalities

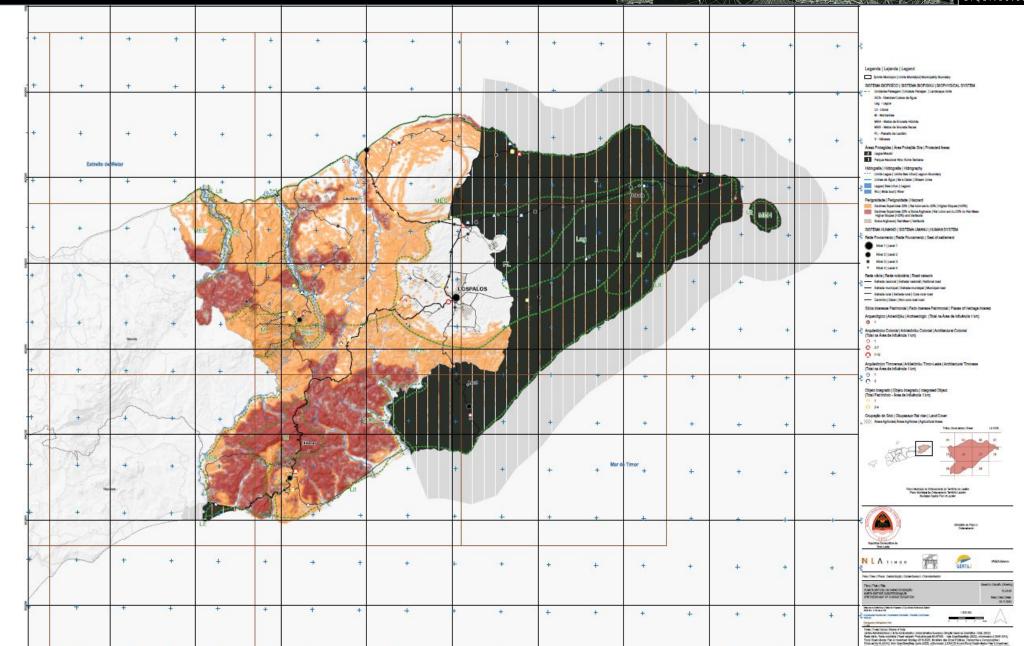


Area of Timor-Leste: 14.700Km2 (aprox.)

Project - Municipal Spatial Planning

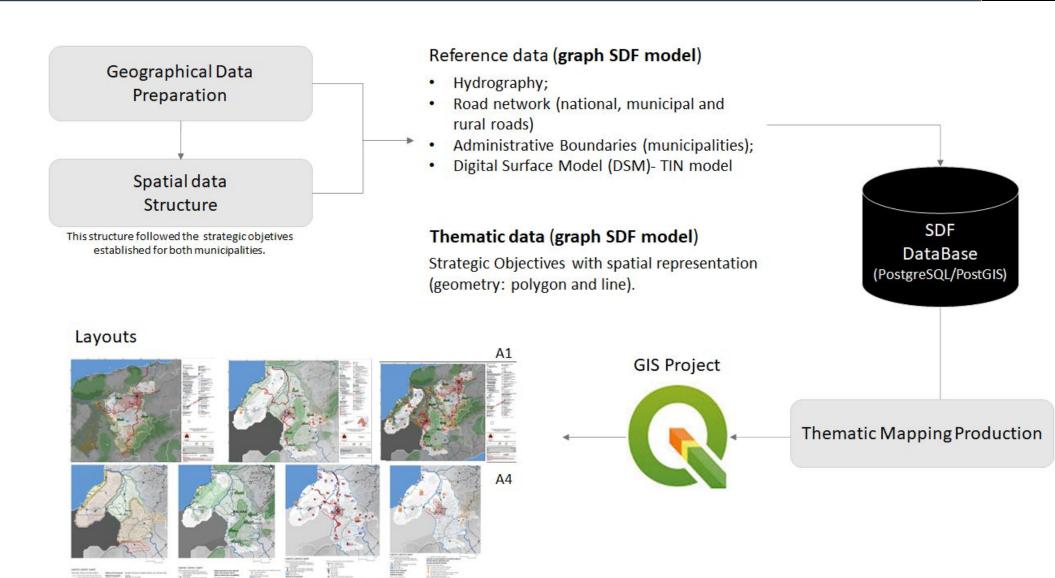


Plan Making



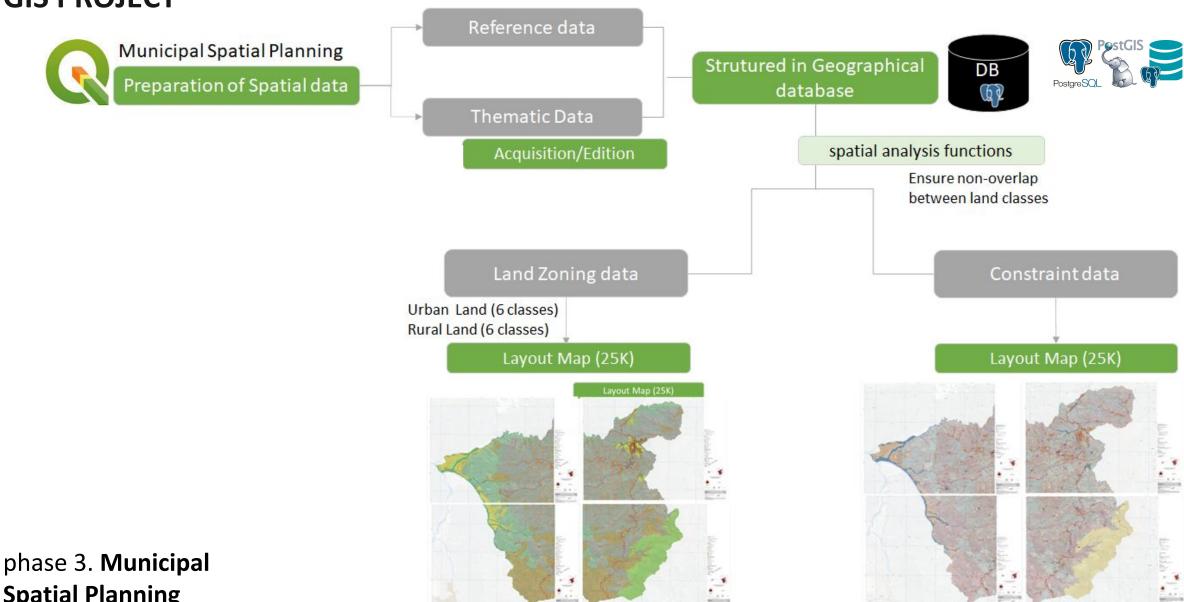
phase 1. characterization plan Synthesis Map Lautém

WORKFLOW



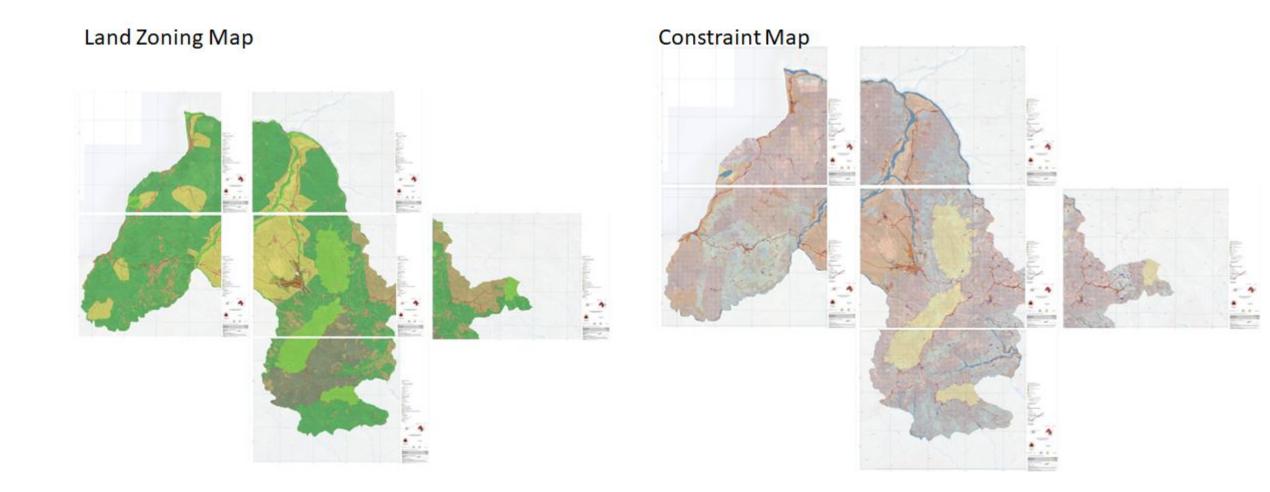
phase 2: **Spatial development Framework**

GIS PROJECT



Spatial Planning





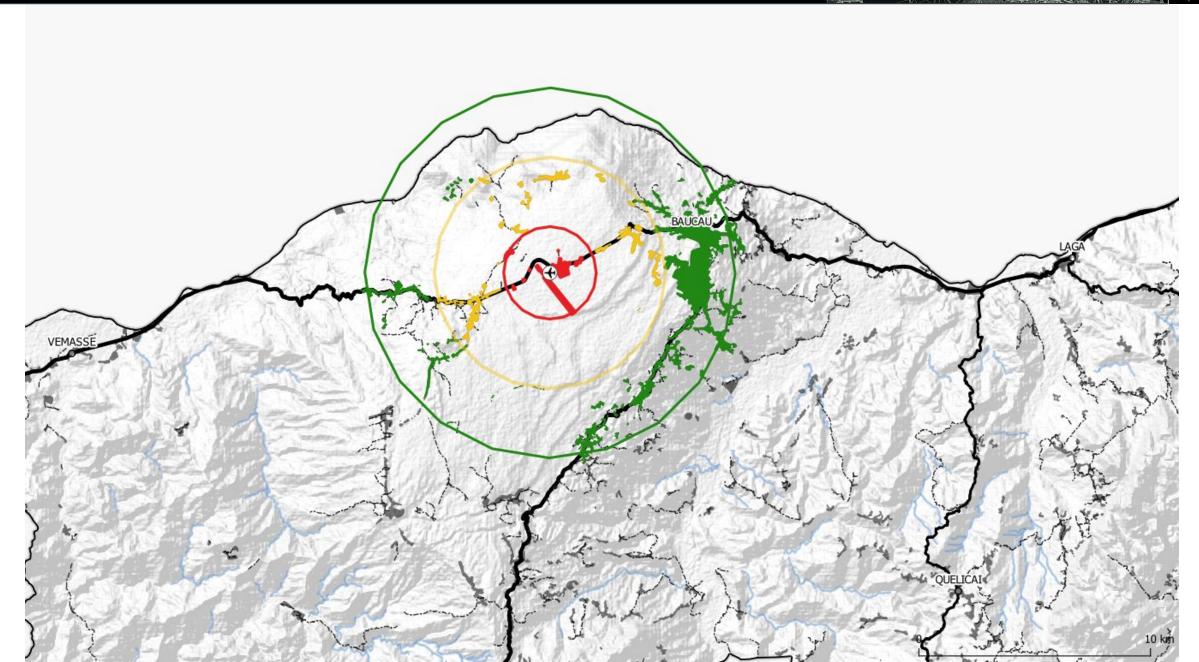
phase 3. Municipal **Spatial Planning**



GIS Spatial Analysis in NLA

1

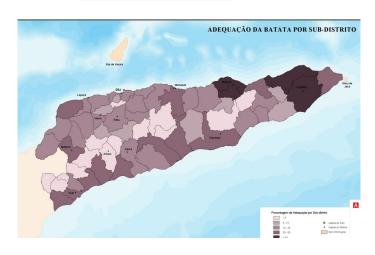
IDENTIFICATION OF POPULATED AREAS LOCATED AT A DISTANCE OF 2 KM, 5 KM AND 8 KM FROM BAUCAU AIRPORT

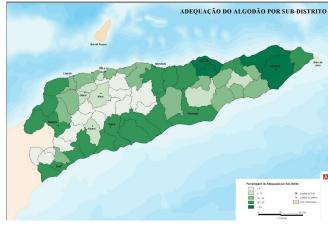


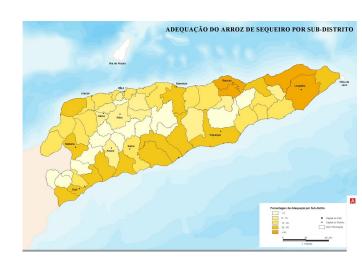
GIS Spatial Analysis in NLA

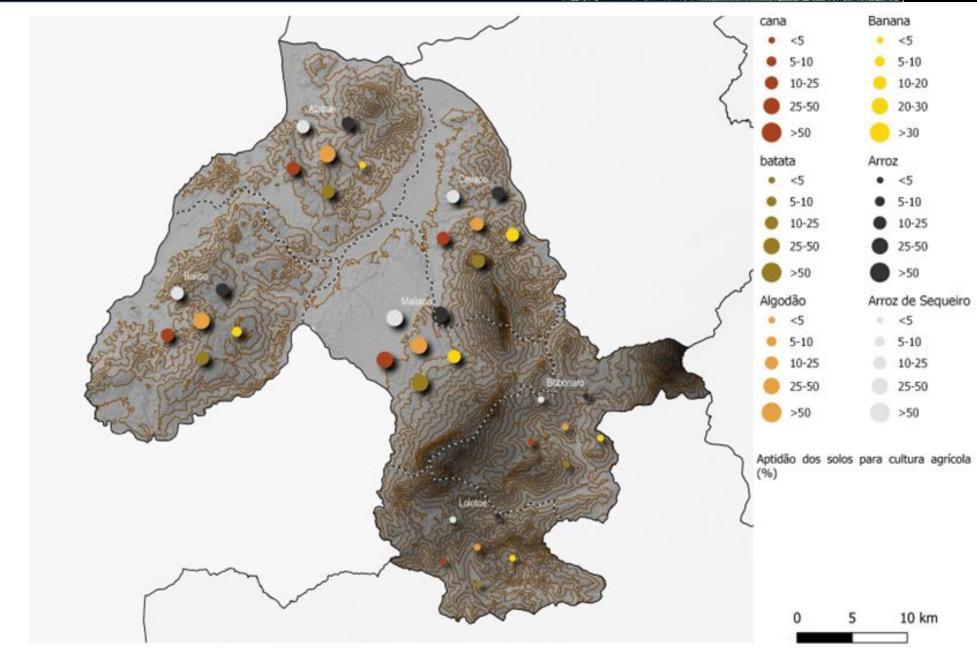
2

How to represent on a single map all the different aptitudes of agricultural crops in each municipality?









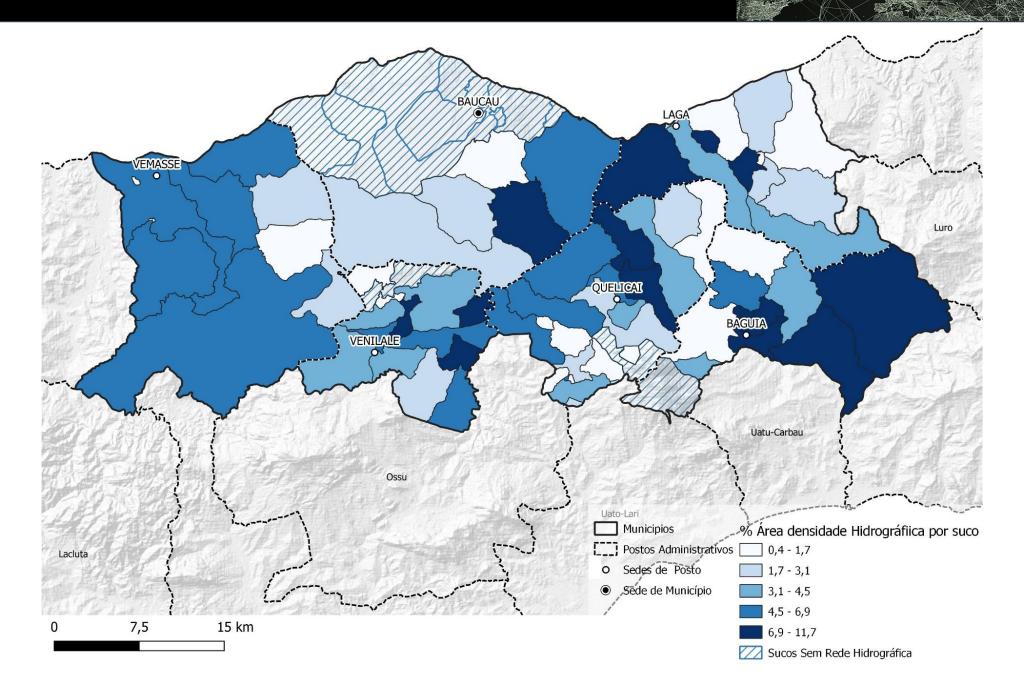
Potential of all agricultural Crops in each administrative boundaries

GIS Spatial Analysis in NLA

What's the percentage of "water" in each administrative boundary?

Input data:

network streams Administrative boundaries spatial function analysis was applied



GIS Spatial Analysis in NLA

4

Represent the slope classes in each administrative boundary by diagram

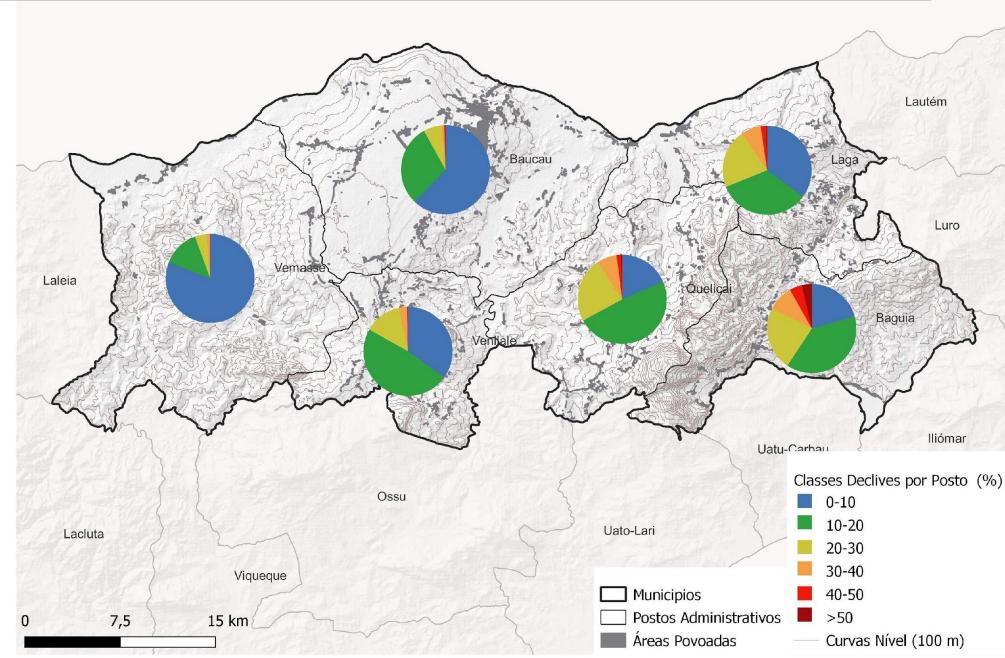
Input data:

Vector: Administrative

boundaries

Raster: DTM (SRTM)

Identify the administrative boundary that have more percentage of higher slopes (> 30%).



GIS Spatial Analysis in NLA

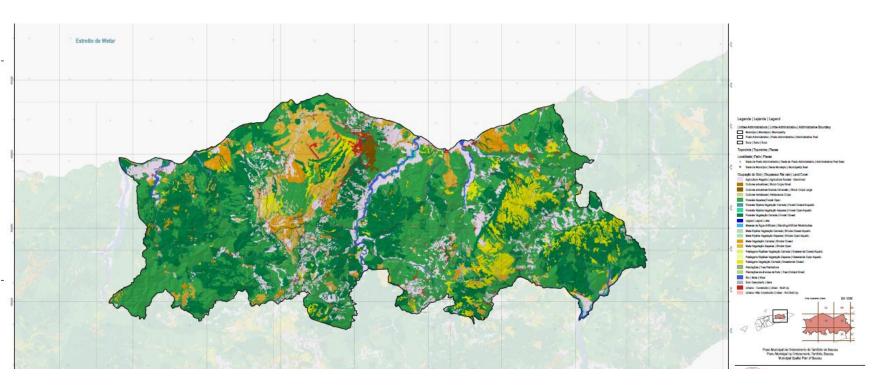
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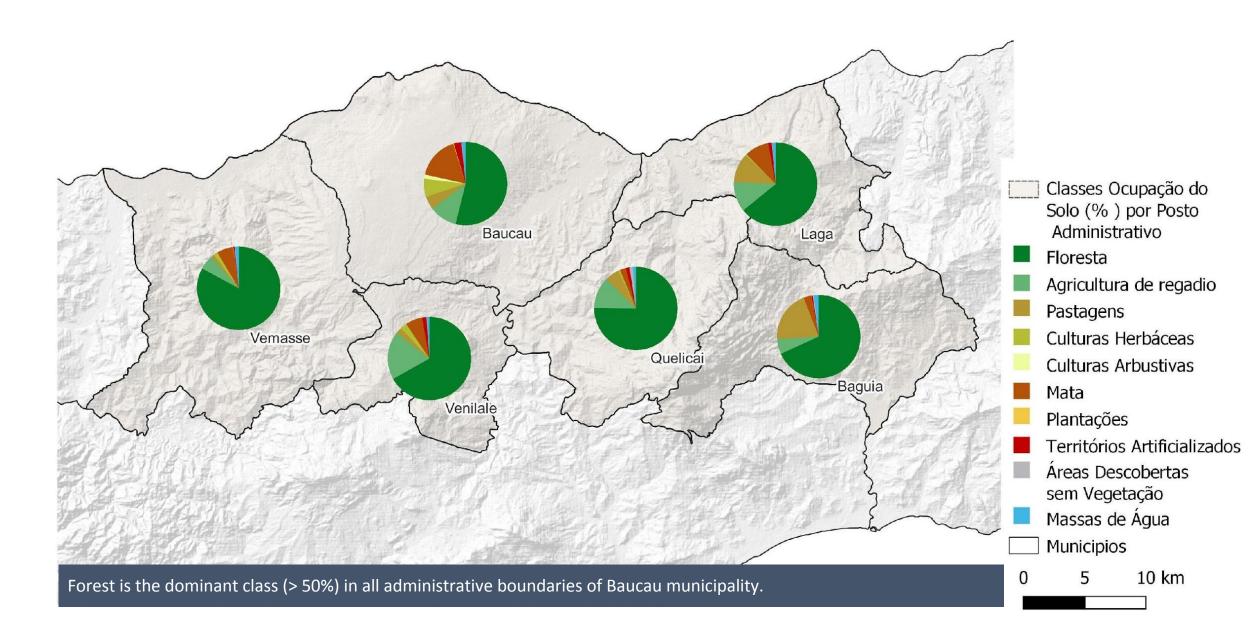
Represent the percentage value of land cover classes in each administrative boundary



Vetor: Land Cover (open data); Administrative

boundaries





GIS Spatial Analysis in NLA

6

Identify the percentage area of rural settlements that Intersect Slopes Over 30%

Input data:

Vector: Administrative

boundaries;

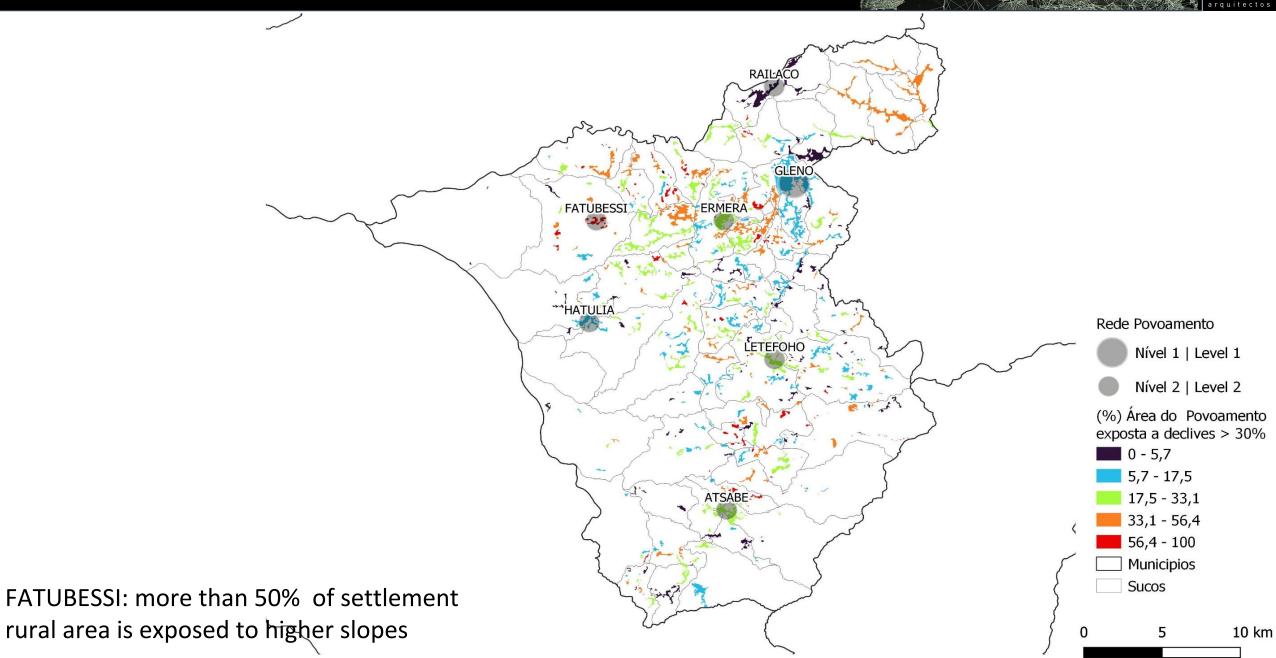
raster: MDT SRTM; SLOPE

MODEL

spatial function analysis was

applied





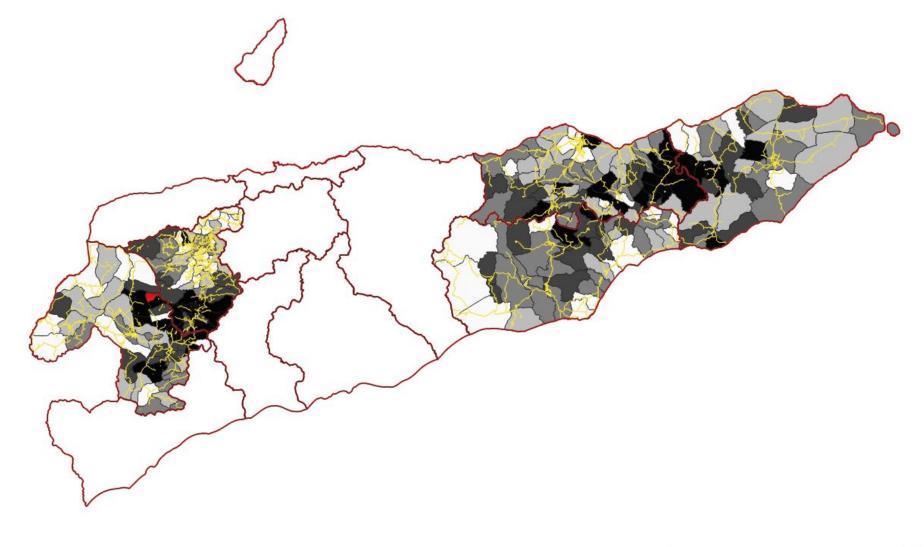


Input data:

Census tracts: 2015

Vetor: Administrative

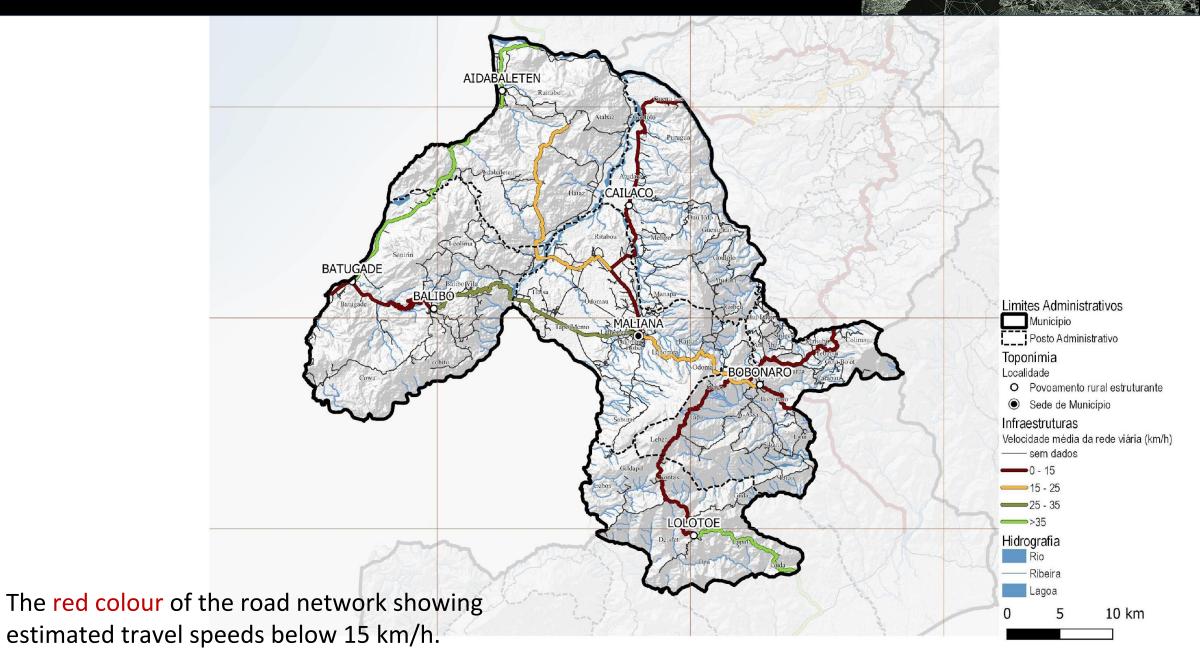
boundaries;



1510 - 3615 3615 - 4954 4954 - 6496 6496 - 9553 9553 - 330750

0 70 km

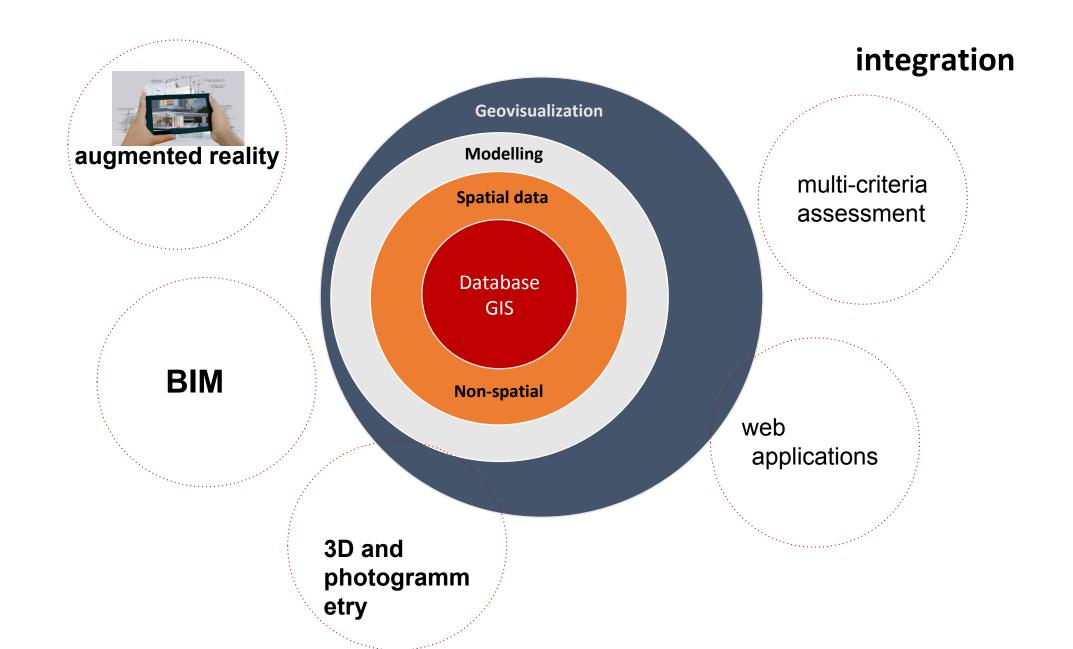
AVERAGE SPEED TRAVEL of NETWORK ROAD



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